

Ombersley Endowed First School

Pupil Premium Strategy Statement

2023-24

Pupil premium strategy statement Ombersley Endowed First School

This statement details our school's use of pupil premium (and recovery premium) funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils.

It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the outcomes for disadvantaged pupils last academic year.

School overview

Detail	Data
Number of pupils in school	135
Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils	12.5%
Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy plan covers	
	2023-24
Date this statement was published	December 2023
Date on which it will be reviewed	December 2024
Statement authorised by	Caroline Moore
Pupil premium lead	Caroline Moore
Governor / Trustee lead	Ann Starr

Funding overview

Detail	Amount
Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year	£26,885
Recovery premium funding allocation this academic year	£507.50
Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years	£0
Total budget for this academic year	£27,392.50

Part A: Pupil premium strategy plan

Statement of intent

At Ombersley Endowed First School our motto is 'Reach for the Stars' and we are committed to all of our pupils making good or better progress from their starting points and to the majority of pupils attaining age-related standards or above. Outcomes are cohort dependent due to small numbers of disadvantaged pupils in each cohort and the differences in their learning needs and barriers to learning, therefore progress and attainment of disadvantaged pupils is variable across the school.

Quality first teaching with additional support is at the heart of our approach, with a focus on areas in which disadvantaged pupils require the most support. This is proven to have the greatest impact on closing the disadvantage attainment gap and at the same time will benefit the non-disadvantaged pupils in our school. Implicit in the intended outcomes detailed below, is the intention that non-disadvantaged pupils' attainment will improve alongside their disadvantaged peers.

We recognize that disadvantaged pupils can face a range of barriers which may impact on their learning and our approach is responsive to challenges and individual needs, rooted in robust assessment. To ensure our approach is effective we will:

- ensure disadvantaged pupils are challenged
- act early to intervene at the point need is identified
- adopt a whole school approach in which all staff take responsibility for disadvantaged pupils' outcomes and raise expectations of what they can achieve

Aims:

- To improve outcomes for all disadvantaged pupils attaining ARE or more in Reading, Writing and Maths compares with disadvantaged and non-disadvantaged pupils nationally
- To improve attendance for all disadvantaged pupils in order for attendance of disadvantaged pupils to compare to non-disadvantaged pupils both in-school and nationally
- ✓ To provide all disadvantaged pupils with the skills, knowledge and experiences they need for a rounded education to improve their chances of success in future

Key principles of our strategy plan:

We will:

- 1. Assess the needs of all disadvantaged pupils
- 2. Prioritise closing the gap between the disadvantaged and non-disadvantaged pupils
- 3. Ensure that the most vulnerable pupils are our priority
- 4. Track the progress of disadvantaged pupils frequently and measure impact

- 5. Promote our ethos "Reach for the Stars" with all pupils, in particular disadvantaged pupils
- 6. Support pupils in class to access quality first teaching with additional interventions to accelerate progress
- 7. Provide pastoral care and nurture activities to support disadvantaged pupils socially, emotionally and to support their mental well-being.
- 8. Enrich pupils' knowledge, skills and experiences through fully funded educational visits

Work in partnership with parents and external agencies to ensure the best outcomes for disadvantaged pupils

Challenges

This details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.

Challenge number	Detail of challenge
1	A proportion of pupils who are eligible for Pupil Premium entitlement are also pupils with SEND impacting on their learning (SEND or monitored for SEND) (71% of Pupil Premium pupils).
2	Our attendance data indicates that attendance of some disadvantaged pupils has been lower than for non-disadvantaged pupils.
3	Some parents of Pupil Premium pupils are harder to engage in their child's learning and these pupils lack the support the majority of pupils receive at home.
4	Some of our pupils lack confidence and have lower expectations of themselves as learners; they may have low self-esteem and low aspiration.
5	Limited life experiences may impact on some pupils not reaching their full potential.
6	Some pupils starting school with poor vocabulary, listening and attention skills has been observed through baseline assessments.
7	Early and regular phonics assessments and observations indicate disadvantaged pupils generally have greater difficulties with phonics than their peers. This negatively impacts their development as readers.

Intended outcomes

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for **by the end of our current strategy plan**, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

Intended outcome	Success criteria
Improved outcomes in Reading	The percentage of disadvantaged pupils who make expected progress or more the end of

	EYFS to the end of KS1 in Reading is
	comparable with national outcomes
	Progress measures between the end of KS1 and Year 4 in Reading are comparable with non disadvantaged pupils
Improved outcomes in Writing	The percentage of disadvantaged pupils who make expected progress or more the end of EYFS to the end of KS1 in Writing is comparable with national outcomes Progress measures between the end of KS1 and Year 4 in Reading are comparable with
	non disadvantaged pupils
Improved outcomes in Maths	The percentage of disadvantaged pupils who make expected progress or more the end of EYFS to the end of KS1 in Maths is comparable with national outcomes Progress measures between the end of KS1 and Year 4 in Reading are comparable with non disadvantaged pupils
Improved outcomes in EYFS	Disadvantaged pupils in EYFS achieve GLD
Improved outcomes in the Year 1 Phonics Screening Test	The percentage of disadvantaged Year 1 pupils who pass the Phonics screening test is above outcomes nationally for disadvantaged pupils
Improved attendance of disadvantaged pupils	Attendance of disadvantaged pupils is 96% or above
Social and emotional and mental health needs are supported	The wellbeing of all disadvantaged pupils is supported
Increased opportunities to increase knowledge, skills and experiences for future success	All disadvantaged pupils will be able to access the wider curriculum in school eg clubs, trips, visits
To achieve and sustain improved attendance for all pupils, particularly our	Sustained improved attendance demonstrated by:
disadvantaged pupils.	 the overall absence rate for all pupils being no more than 96%, and the attendance gap between disadvantaged pupils and their non-disadvantaged peers being reduced. the percentage of all pupils who are
	persistently absent being reduced.
To improve progress of SEND pupils who are also disadvantaged	Progress in the core subjects for SEND pupils who are also Disadvantaged is at least expected

Activity in this academic year

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium (and recovery premium) funding **this academic year** to address the challenges listed above.

Teaching (for example, CPD, recruitment and retention)

Budgeted cost: £8570.50

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Additional training of Teaching Assistants to support in class and in interventions (National Tutoring Training already completed)	In school: Low attainment of pupils with SEND and PP entitlement in Reading, Writing and Maths. Research evidence: EEF – Making best use of teaching assistants EEF - Teaching assistant interventions	1
Staff CPD to improve quality of teaching, subject coordination and curriculum development, additional release time, support	In school: Increased skill and confidence impacting positively on design and delivery of core subject areas; improving outcomes for pupils. Research evidence: EEF - Feedback EEF – Metacognition and self-regulation	1 4
Early identification of children with Speech, Language and Communication needs. Use of Welcomm materials to assess pupils for interventions. Staff are trained to deliver this approach Introduce the Teaching Children to Listen Programme	The Teaching Children to Listen programme was written by a specialist speech and language therapist. Oral language interventions can have a positive impact on pupil progress and support learning skills across the curriculum. EEF Oral language interventions	1 6
School has two Senior Mental Health Leads, one MH first-aider. Mental health worker appointed from January 2023, one day per week. HLTA completing ELSA course	In School: Social, emotional and mental health needs of pupils. Research evidence: Mental Health now part of Safeguarding requirements EEF guidance 'Prioritise Social and Emotional Learning'	5 4 7

Targeted academic support (for example, tutoring, one-to-one support, structured interventions)

Budgeted cost: £8,000

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challen ge number(s) address ed
Welcomm Speech and Language intervention for Reception pupils Targeted support for pupils	In school: Evidence from Reception baseline and preschool transition showing lower Language and communication baselines Research evidence: Welcom programme developed by Speech and Language External Agency EEF – Small group tuition Oral language interventions can have a positive impact on pupil progress and support learning skills across the curriculum. There is evidence to suggest that pupils from lower socioeconomic backgrounds are more likely to be behind their more advantaged counterparts in developing early language and speech skills, which may affect their school experience and learning later in their school lives. EEF Oral language interventions	2 7
Listening skills and vocabulary developmen t interventions	In school: Baseline observations show that vocabulary development, listening and attention need support. Research evidence: EEF – Oral Language interventions	2 7
Targeted additional Reading, Writing and Maths support	In School: Gaps in attainment and progress identified through teacher assessment and interventions put in place e.g. Better Reading programme, Writing interventions and additional Maths reinforcement. Research evidence: Better Reading Programme impact EEF – Feedback EEF individualised instruction and one to one tuition EEF Reading comprehension strategies EEF – Maths Guidance reports	1 2 3

Engaging with the National Tutoring Programme to provide a blend of tuition, mentoring and school- led tutoring for pupils whose education has been most impacted by the pandemic. A significant proportion of the pupils who receive tutoring will be disadvantag ed, including those who are high attainers.	Experienced TAs attend 11 hours training to become accredited tutors for the programme. Tuition targeted at specific needs and knowledge gaps can be an effective method to support low attaining pupils or those falling behind, both one-to-one: <u>One to one tuition EEF</u> (educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk) And in small groups: <u>Small group tuition Toolkit Strand Education Endowment</u> <u>Foundation EEF</u>	1 2 5 7
Phonics intervention targeted at pupils in the lowest 20%, disadvantag ed pupils and pupils with identified gaps. (Validated phonics scheme, CPD)	The EEF have carried out extensive research into the benefit of Phonics teaching and intervention: <u>https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/educationevidenc</u> <u>e/teaching-learning-toolkit/phonics</u> 1-1:The effects of one to one +5 months Small group interventions +4 months	1

Wider strategies (for example, related to attendance, behaviour, wellbeing)

Budgeted cost: £10,822

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Embedding principles of good practice set out in the DfE's <u>Improving</u> <u>School Attendance</u> advice. Work to support parents of pupils whose attendance is below 95% to increase attendance. Monthly monitoring by SLT and attendance officer.	Research evidence: EEF: Parental engagement The DfE guidance has been informed by engagement with schools that have significantly reduced levels of absence and persistent absence.	3
Support pupils with social and emotional needs including low confidence, self-esteem and limited life experiences to take part in extra curricular clubs	Research evidence: EEF: Aspiration interventions	5 6 8
Support pupils with social and emotional needs including anxiety in school through nurture, ELSA interventions, Relax Kids	In School: Positive outcomes from previous interventions eg Lego therapy, Nurture groups, mentoring Research evidence: EEF guidance 'Prioritise Social and Emotional Learning' EEF - Social and Emotional learning	5 6 8
Support families who may need additional financial support in order to access wider curriculum opportunities- trips and visits and wrap around care provision.	Research evidence that supports approach: EEF: Outdoor adventure learning, physical activity, Arts participation	4 5 8
Relax Kids will be offered to groups of children	Relax Kids supports children's mental and emotional health and wellbeing by giving them a range of tools and techniques to help calm their body and mind and build confidence and self- esteem. Relax Kids forms part of our offer of targeted support as recommended in the document Promoting children and young people's mental health and wellbeing	5
Personalised mental health and well- being sessions will be	It is widely recognised that a child's emotional health and wellbeing influences their cognitive development	5

delivered to children requiring targeted support Via ELSA trained staff member	and learning. Developing targeted provision for supporting mental health and wellbeing is one of the eight principles driving the Senior Designated Mental Health Lead's work in schools. Promoting children and young people's mental health and wellbeing	
Wraparound Care and some Holiday Club sessions are available to all children and funded for those in receipt of FSM.	Providing disadvantaged and vulnerable children a free and healthy breakfast is known to give them a positive start to the day. The Breakfast Club ensures that children are in school on time and ready to start their learning. EEF National school breakfast programme	1 6

Total budgeted cost: ££27,392.50

Part B: Review of the previous academic year

Outcomes for disadvantaged pupils

National tutor training completed. A number of CPD courses attended: Speech and Language, Early Years, SEND training. Impact on staff skills.
Release time provided for subject coordination. CPD including: Autism support, English, Maths, Science, RE, Level 3 TA training, Forest School, SEND.
Mental Health worker one day per week. Whole class sessions on transition and introduction to mental health well-being. Staff are trained to support pupils' mental health needs.
Excellent outcomes from Welcomm interventions. 93% of pupils on track for their relevant age band.
Small group listening activities supported pupils with listening skills. 100% Pupil Premium pupils achieved Communication and Language ELG.
All classes had interventions in place for pupil premium pupils. 100% good or better progress Reading, Writing and Maths.
School based tuition provided for disadvantaged pupils. 100% good or better progress Reading, Writing and Maths.

Embedding principles of good practice set out in the DfE's Improving School Attendance advice.	School attendance was above national at 94.1%
Work in partnership with EWO to support parents of pupils whose attendance is below 95% to increase attendance. Monthly monitoring by SLT and attendance officer.	Attendance of pupil groups analysed. Attendance will remain a target for 2023-24.
Support pupils with social and emotional needs including low confidence, self-esteem and limited life experiences to take part in extra curricular clubs	Wraparound offered to Pupil Premium children. Trips and visits paid for - for pupils, impacting on cultural capital, life experiences. Sports clubs and nurture club offered.
Support pupils with social and emotional needs including anxiety in school through nurture – School Well-being dog support	School well-being dog – supported pupils coming into school and in class.
Support families who may need additional financial support in order to access wider curriculum opportunities- trips and visits and wrap around care provision.	Trips and visits paid for and sessions of wraparound care. Uniform provided if required.

Externally provided programmes

Please include the names of any non-DfE programmes that you used your pupil premium (or recovery premium) to fund in the previous academic year.

Programme	Provider

Service pupil premium funding (optional)

For schools that receive this funding, you may wish to provide the following information: How our service pupil premium allocation was spent last academic year

Increased staffing

The impact of that spending on service pupil premium eligible pupils

Greater opportunities to offer small group support and specific intervention support

Further information (optional)

Our pupil premium strategy will be supplemented by additional activities not being funded by pupil premium or recovery premium. That will include:

- T<u>rain two senior mental health leads</u>. The training we have selected will focus on the training needs identified through the online tool: to develop our understanding of our pupils' needs, give pupils a voice in how we address wellbeing, and support more effective collaboration with parents.
- offering a range of extracurricular activities to boost wellbeing, behaviour, attendance, and aspiration. Disadvantaged pupils will be encouraged and supported to participate
- Arranging a number of trips and visits to enhance pupils' life skills and cultural capital.

We looked at a range of reports about effective use of pupil premium, the impact of disadvantage on education outcomes and how to address challenges to learning presented by socio-economic disadvantage. We also looked at studies about the impact of the pandemic on disadvantaged pupils.

We used the <u>EEF's implementation guidance</u> to help us develop our strategy, diagnose specific pupil needs and work out which activities and approaches are likely to work in our school.